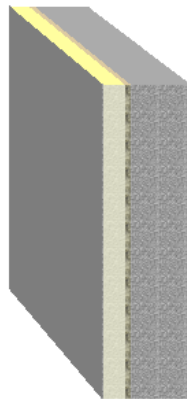


Documentation of the component
 Thermal transmittance (U-value) according to BS EN ISO 6946
 Source: **own catalogue - Non Traditional**
 Component: **Colorlite Property**

11. April 2012
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Assignment: External wall

	Manufacturer	Name	Thickness [m], number	Lambda [W/(mK)]	Q	R [m²K/W]	
		Rse				0.0400	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	WBS	0.0100	0.532	F	0.0188	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	WBS	0.0800	0.026	F	3.0769	
		Fixings	8/m²	0.500	D	-	
		Fixings	equivalent diameter: 0.01 m / alpha: 0.800				
		Air gaps	Level 1: dU" = 0.01 W/(m²K)				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	Own catalogue	0.0200	0.532	F	0.0376	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	Own catalogue	0.2000	1.300	F	0.1538	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5	Own catalogue	0.0130	0.382	F	0.0340	
		Rsi				0.1300	
						0.3230	

$$R_T = R_{si} + \sum R_i + R_{se} = 3.49 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$$

Correction to U-value for	according to	delta U [W/(m²K)]
Mechanical fasteners	BS EN ISO 6946 Annex D	0.000
Air gaps	BS EN ISO 6946 Annex D	0.000
<i>Air gaps and fixings corrections need not be applied, as their total effect is less than 3% (Annex D BS 6946:1996).</i>		
		0.000

$$U = 1/R_T + \sum \Delta U = 0.29 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}$$

- Q .. The physical values of the building materials has been graded by their level of quality. These 5 levels are the following
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$$U_{\max} = \boxed{0.30 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}}$$

$$U = \boxed{0.29 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}}$$

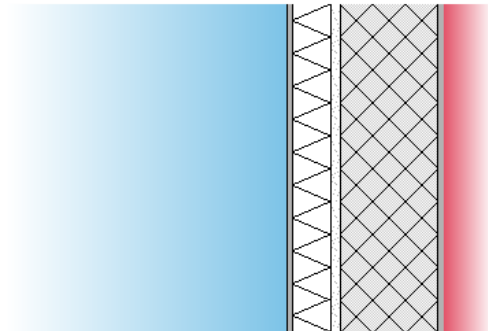
$$R_T = \boxed{3.49 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}}$$

Source of Umax value: England and Wales Approved Document L1A 2010 Tab 2 Dwellings New

Source: **own catalogue - Non Traditional**
Component: **Colorlite Property**

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The list of material layers shown below may differ from those in the U-value calculation printout. Only material layers which are used in the Condensation Risk Analysis are listed.

Assignment: External wall

Name	Thickn. [m]	lambda [W/(mK)]	Q	μ [-]	Q	sd [m]	R [m ² K/W]
WBS Silicone Render	0.0100	0.532	E	6.00	E	0.06	0.0188
WBS PIR	0.0800	0.026	E	50.00	E	4.00	3.0769
Render, cement and sand	0.0200	0.532	E	6.00	E	0.12	0.0376
No Fines Concrete	0.2000	1.300	E	60.00	E	12.00	0.1538
Gypsum plastering	0.0130	0.382	E	6.00	E	0.08	0.0340

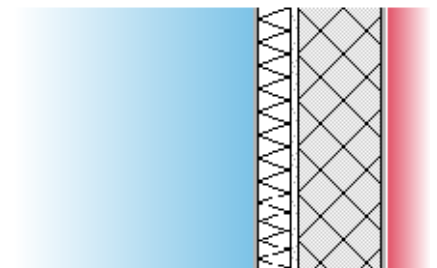
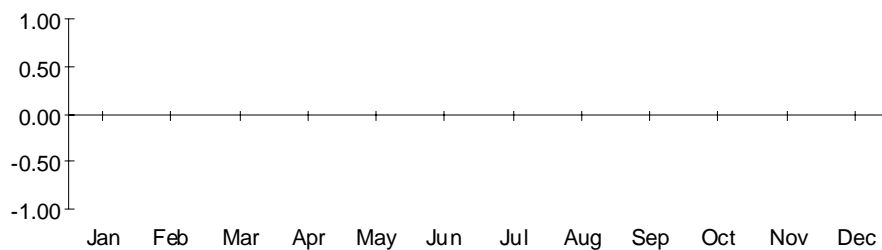
- Q .. The physical values of the building materials has been graded by their level of quality. These 5 levels are the following
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Condensation risk analysis - summary of main results
Calculation according BS EN ISO 13788

✓ **Surface temperature to avoid critical surface moisture:**
No danger of mould growth is expected.

✓ **Interstitial condensation:**
No condensation is predicted at any interface in any month.

Interstitial condensation and evaporation per month gc [g/m²]



Component, condensation range

Surface temperature to avoid critical surface humidity Calculation according BS EN ISO 13788

Location: Manchester Airport; Humidity class according BS EN ISO 13788 annex A: Dwellings with low occupancy

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Month	Te [°C]	phi_e ---	Ti [°C]	phi_i ---	pe [Pa]	delta p [Pa]	pi [Pa]	ps(Tsi) [Pa]	Tsi,min [°C]	fRsi ---	Tsi [°C]	Tse [°C]
● January	4.2	0.830	20.0	0.594	684	704	1388	1735	15.3	0.701	18.9	4.4
February	4.1	0.800	20.0	0.583	655	708	1363	1704	15.0	0.685	18.9	4.3
March	5.8	0.760	20.0	0.570	701	633	1333	1666	14.7	0.623	19.0	6.0
April	7.8	0.710	20.0	0.554	751	544	1294	1618	14.2	0.524	19.2	7.9
May	11.3	0.680	20.0	0.555	910	388	1298	1622	14.2	0.337	19.4	11.4
June	14.1	0.710	20.0	0.601	1142	263	1405	1756	15.5	0.231	19.6	14.2
July	16.1	0.720	20.0	0.638	1317	174	1491	1863	16.4	0.075	19.7	16.1
August	15.8	0.740	20.0	0.648	1328	187	1515	1894	16.6	0.201	19.7	15.8
September	13.3	0.770	20.0	0.631	1175	298	1474	1842	16.2	0.435	19.5	13.4
October	10.3	0.810	20.0	0.619	1014	432	1446	1808	15.9	0.579	19.3	10.4
November	6.7	0.820	20.0	0.598	804	593	1397	1746	15.4	0.652	19.1	6.8
December	5.2	0.840	20.0	0.600	743	659	1402	1752	15.4	0.691	19.0	5.4

- The critical month is January with $f_{Rsi,max} = 0.701$
 $f_{Rsi} = 0.931$

$f_{Rsi} > f_{Rsi,max}$, the component complies.

Nr Explanation

- External temperature
- External rel. humidity
- Internal temperature
- Internal relative humidity
- External partial pressure $p_e = \phi_e \cdot p_{sat}(T_e)$; $p_{sat}(T_e)$ according formula E.7 and E.8 of BS EN ISO 13788
- Partial pressure difference. The security factor of 1.10 according to BS EN ISO 13788, ch.4.2.4 is already included.
- Internal partial pressure $p_i = \phi_i \cdot p_{sat}(T_i)$; $p_{sat}(T_i)$ according formula E.7 and E.8 of BS EN ISO 13788
- Minimum saturation pressure on the surface obtained by $p_{sat}(T_{si}) = p_i / \phi_{si}$,
where $\phi_{si} = 0.8$ (critical surface humidity)
- Minimum surface temperature as function of $p_{sat}(T_{si})$, formula E.9 and E.10 of BS EN ISO 13788
- Design temperature factor according 3.1.2 of BS EN ISO 13788
- Internal surface temperature, obtained from $T_{si} = T_i - R_{si} \cdot U \cdot (T_i - T_e)$
- External surface temperature, obtained from $T_{se} = T_e + R_{se} \cdot U \cdot (T_i - T_e)$

Interstitial condensation - main results Calculation according BS EN ISO 13788

No condensation is predicted at any interface in any month.

Climatic conditions

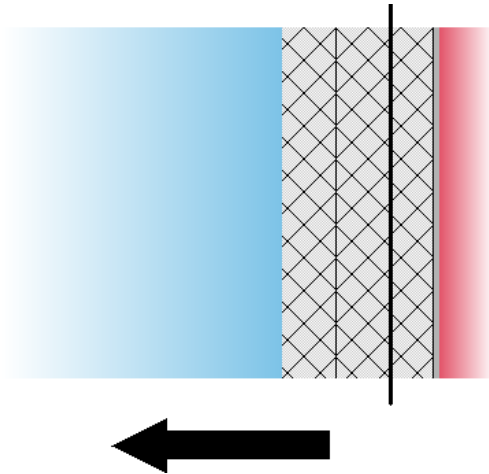
Location: Manchester Airport; Humidity class according BS EN ISO 13788 annex A: Dwellings with low occupancy

		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Internal temperature [°C]	Ti	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Internal rel. humidity [%]	phi_i	59.4	58.3	57.0	55.4	55.5	60.1	63.8	64.8	63.1	61.9	59.8	60.0
External temperature [°C]	Te	4.2	4.1	5.8	7.8	11.3	14.1	16.1	15.8	13.3	10.3	6.7	5.2
External rel. humidity [%]	phi_e	83.0	80.0	76.0	71.0	68.0	71.0	72.0	74.0	77.0	81.0	82.0	84.0

Source: **own catalogue - Non Traditional**
Component: **Colorlite Property**

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The list of materials shown below may differ from those in the U-value calculation printout. Only material layers which are used in the heat capacity calculation are listed.

Single material layers shown in the U-value calculation printout may be separated to meet the exclusion criteria:

- A .. The total thickness of the layers exceed 0.1 m.
- B .. The mid point in the construction is reached.

For insulation layers the following criteria applies:

- C .. An insulating layer is reached (defined as $\lambda \leq 0.08 \text{ W}/(\text{mK})$).

Name	Thickness [m]	lambda [W/(mK)]	Q	Thermal capacity [kJ/(kgK)]	Q	Density [kg/m³]	Q	Thermal mass kJ/(m²K)	Criteria Exclusion	
End of calculation - Cold										
1	WBS Silicone Render	0.0100	0.532	E	1.00	E	1800.0	E	48.0	A, -, C
2	WBS PIR	0.0800	0.026	E	1.40	E	30.0	E	0.0	A, -, C
3	Render, cement and sand	0.0200	0.532	E	1.00	E	1800.0	E	36.0	A, -, -
4	No Fines Concrete	0.1130	1.300	E	1.00	E	1800.0	E	203.4	A, -, -
4	No Fines Concrete	0.0870	1.300	E	1.00	E	1800.0	E	156.6	-, -, -
5	Gypsum plastering	0.0130	0.382	E	1.00	E	1300.0	E	16.9	-, -, -
Start of calculation - Warm										
								0.3230	173.5	

Heat capacity = 173.5 kJ/(m²K)

The following exclusion criteria apply:

- A .. The total thickness of the layers exceed 0.1 m.
- C .. An insulating layer is reached (defined as $\lambda \leq 0.08 \text{ W}/(\text{mK})$).

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